## Pseudo-differential operators and applications Exercises 8

- 1. Examples of wave front sets
  - (a) Determine the wave front set of the delta distribution on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (b) Let V be a linear subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with the induced volume element dv. Let  $\delta_V$  be the distribution defined by  $\langle \delta_V, f \rangle = \int_V f \, dv$ . Determine the wave front set of  $\delta_V$ .
  - (c) As above, but let V be a submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  or of a manifold with an arbitrary volume form.
- 2. Verify that the definition of a wave front set on a manifold does not depend on the choice of parametrization, see Corollary 4.15-1)-a).
- 3. Let  $U_1 \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $U_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^m$  be open subsets. Show for  $u_1 \in \mathcal{D}(U_1)$  and  $u_2 \in \mathcal{D}(U_2)$  and some obvious rearrangement in the coordinates we have

 $WF(u_1 \otimes u_2) \subset (WF(u_1) \times WF(u_2) \cup ((\operatorname{supp} u_1 \times \{0\}) \times WF(u_2))$  $\cup (WF(u_1) \times (\operatorname{supp} u_2 \times \{0\}))$ 

4. Show that  $\delta(|x|^2 - 1)$  is well-defined as the pullback of the delta distribution under the map  $\mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \mapsto |x|^2 - 1$ . Investigate whether this distribution is related to a distribution studied in Exercise 1.